



Trends

- Population growing at a slowing rate births down, deaths up
- Migration and mobility slowing
 - Harder to attract and retaining the best and brightest.
 - Labor tight very competitive in US
- Concentrated growth
- Aging impacts everything... including the economy, labor force, housing, and public finance.
 - Largest share of future growth is the 65+
- Increase racial and ethnic diversity.

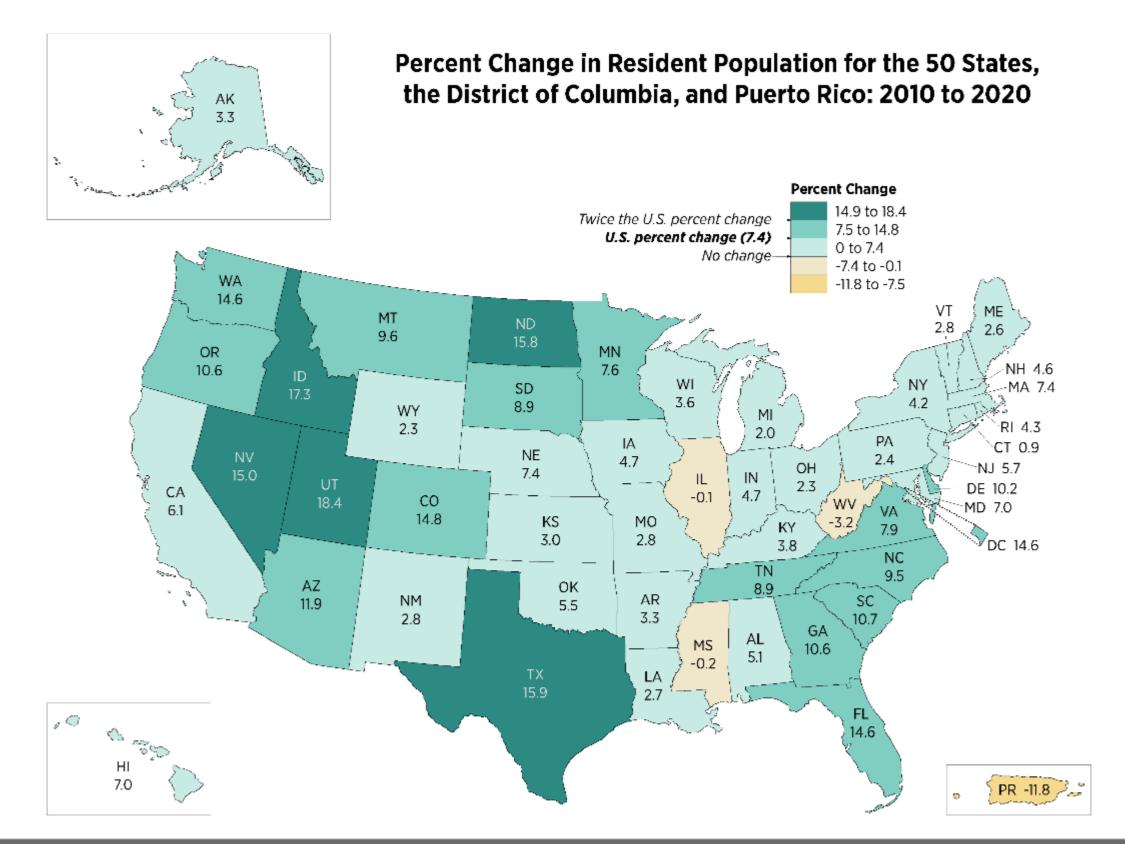
2020 Census Count

US - 331.5 million, + 22.7 million or 7.4% since 2010

- second slowest growth rate on record

CO - 5,774,000, + 744,500 or 14.8% since 2010

- 6th ranked percent change, 9th in numeric change
- Colorado gained an 8th seat

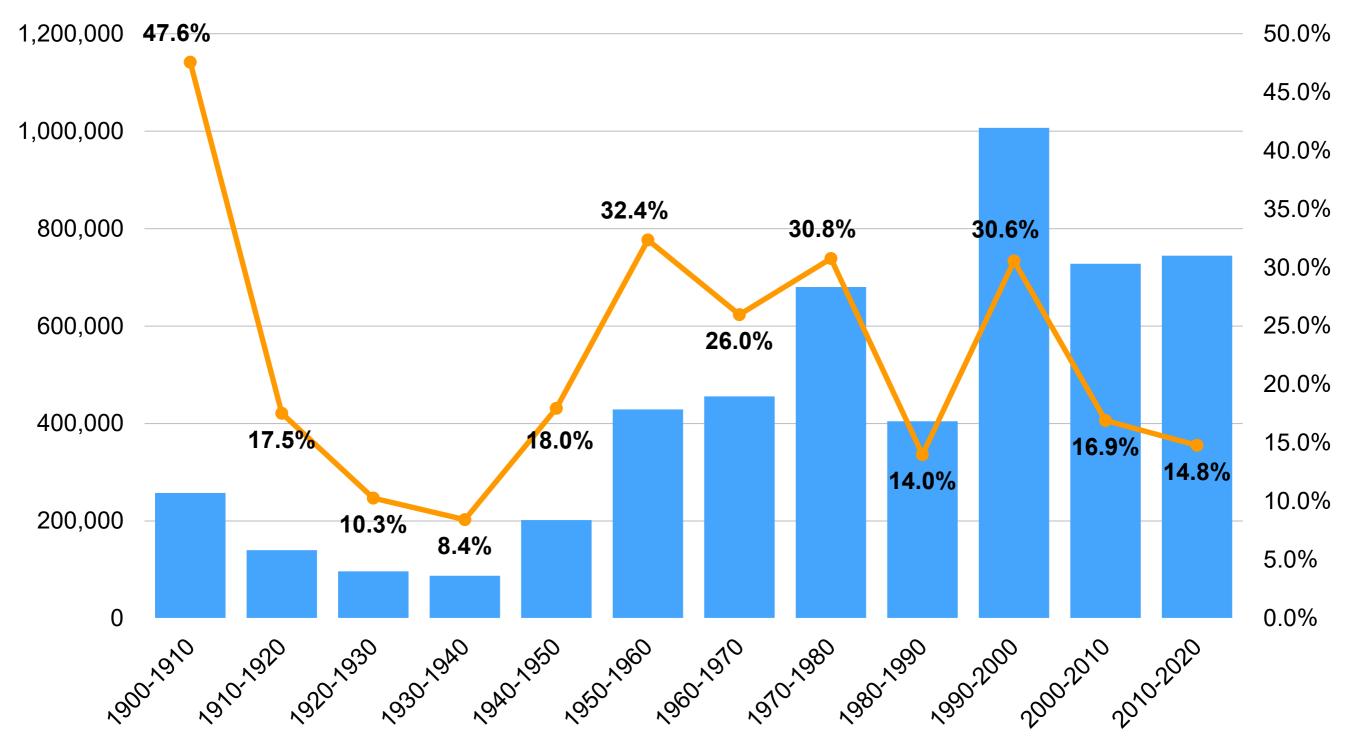




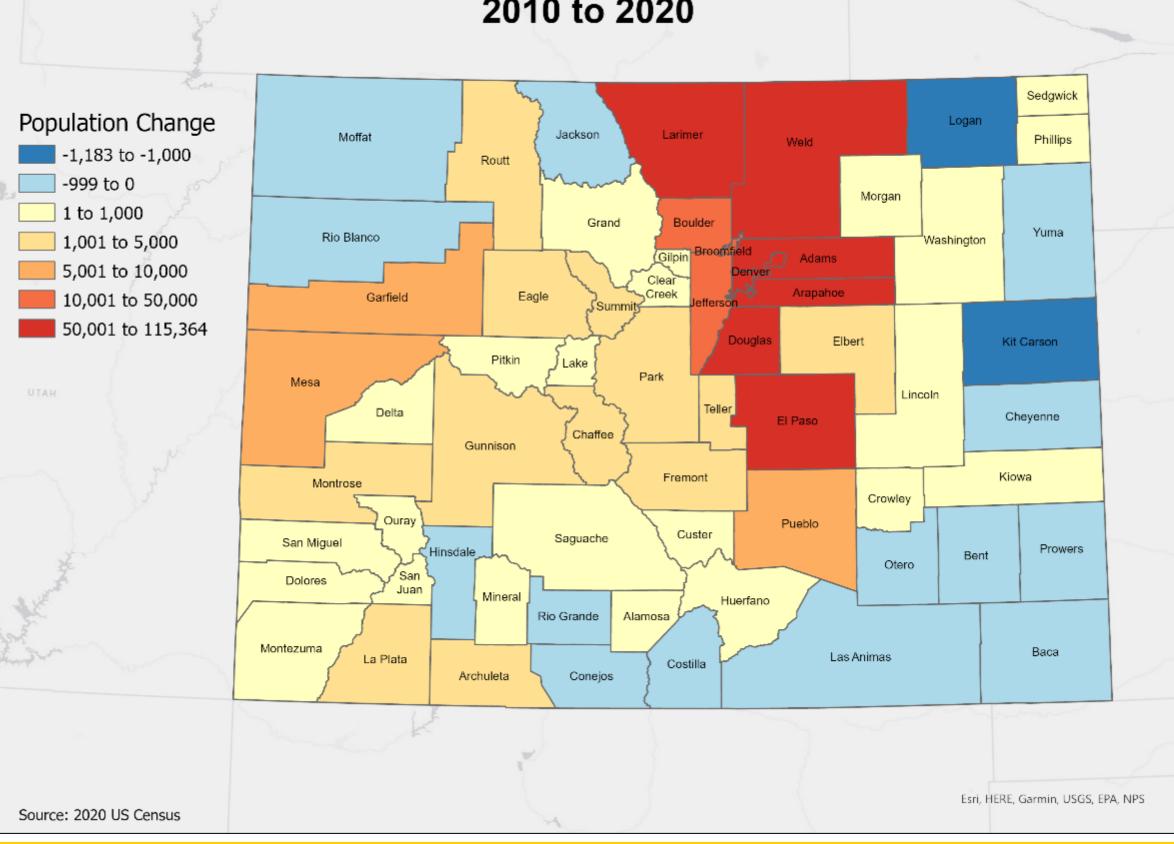
U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov Census 2020



Population Change by Decade Colorado

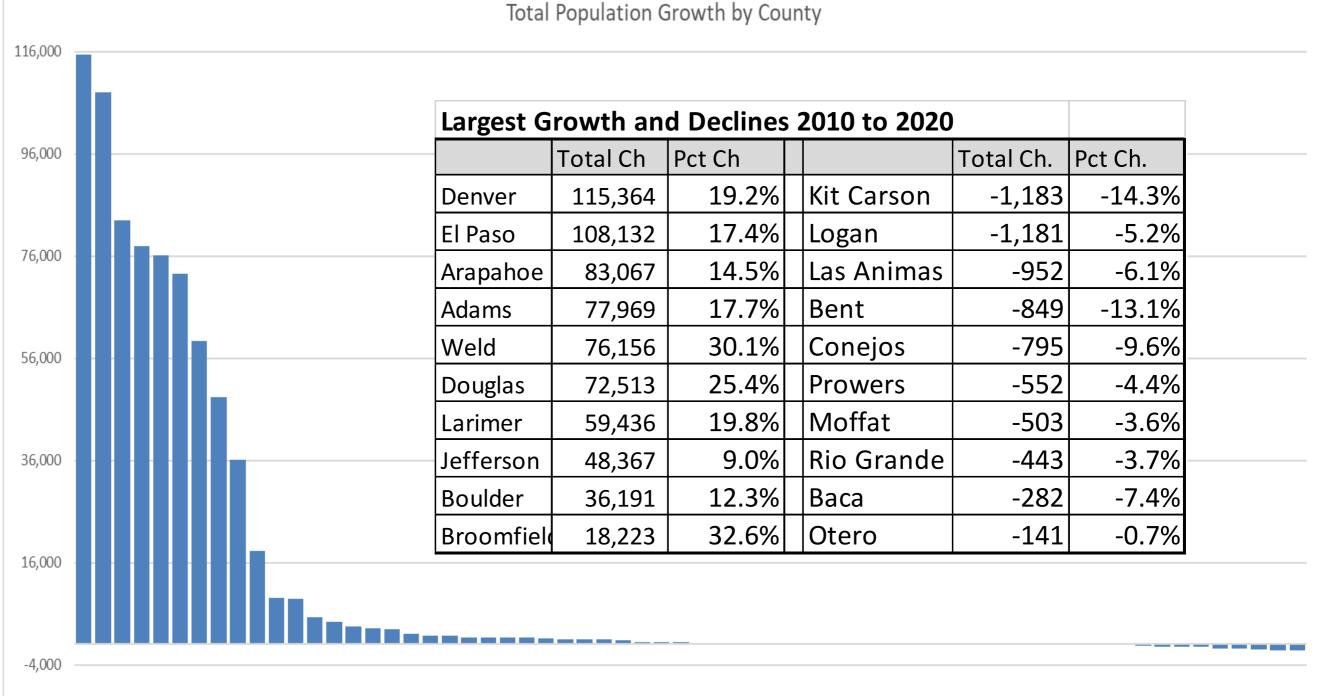


Population Change by County 2010 to 2020





Total Population Growth by County



-24,000

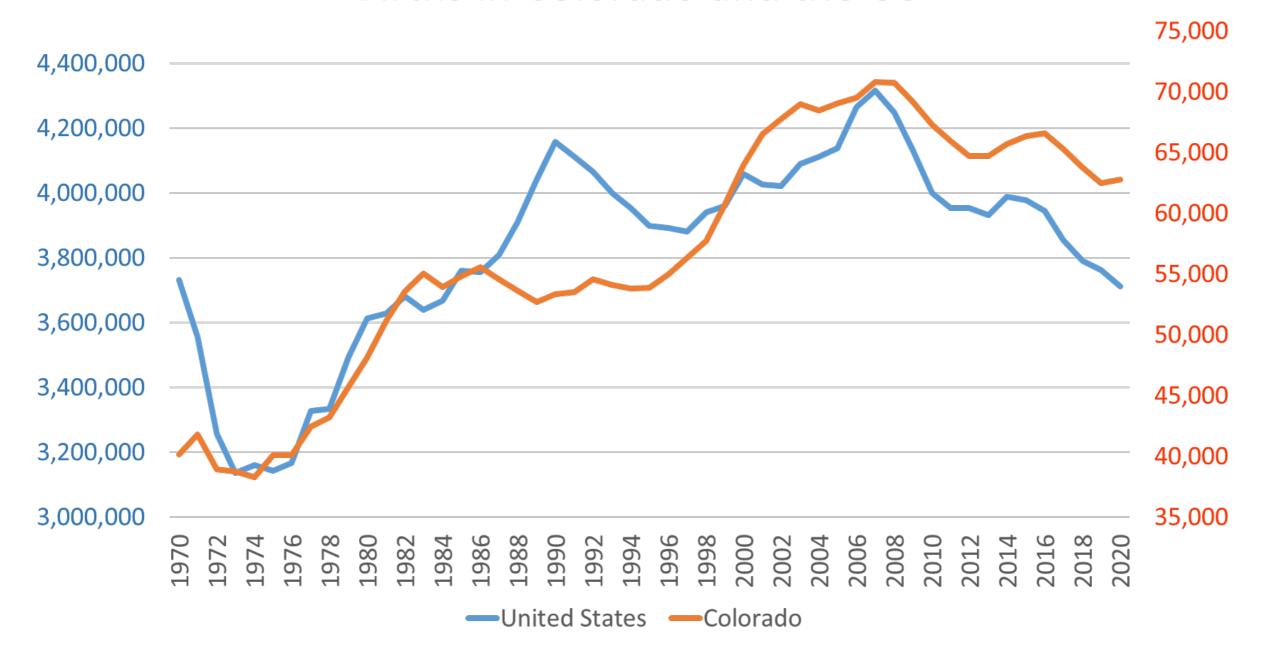
Morgan Alamosa Grand San Miguel Montezuma Clear Creek Dolores Saguache Delta Broomfield Pueblo Elbert Fremont Chaffee Gunni son Montrose Teller Phillips Kiowa Sedgwick Cheyenne Rio Blanco Logan Kit Carson Douglas Eagle Summit Gilpin Pitkin Lincoln Mineral San Juan Yuma Conejos Bent Larimer Routt Park Custer Ouray La Plata Huerfano Prowers Las Animas Jeffer son Archuleta Hinsdale Rio Grande Boulder Washington Costilla



Components of Population Change 1970-2020 2010-2020 140,000 648,000 Births -■ Natural Increase ■ Net Migration 362,000 Deaths -120,000 Net Migration - 445,000 100,000 80,000 60,000 40,000 20,000 (20,000) (40,000) 000 pos 28g5 2020 505 200 3 300



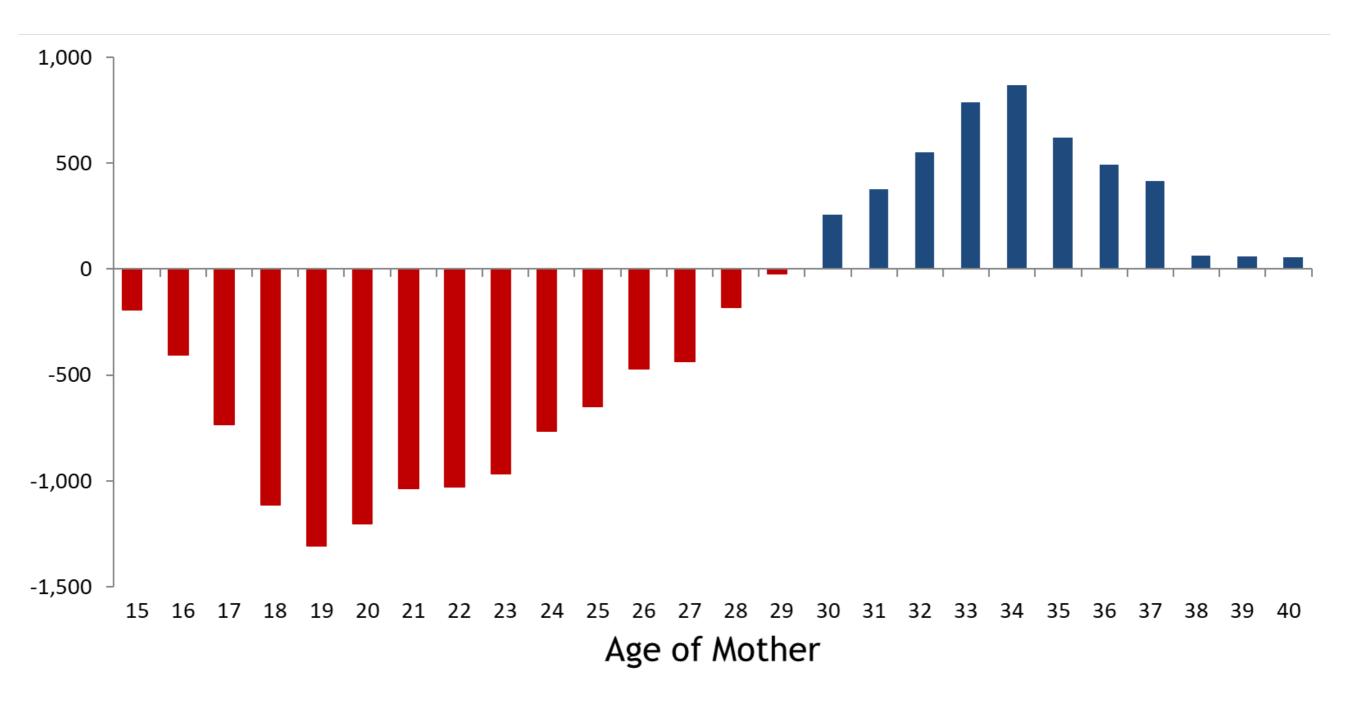
Births in Colorado and the US

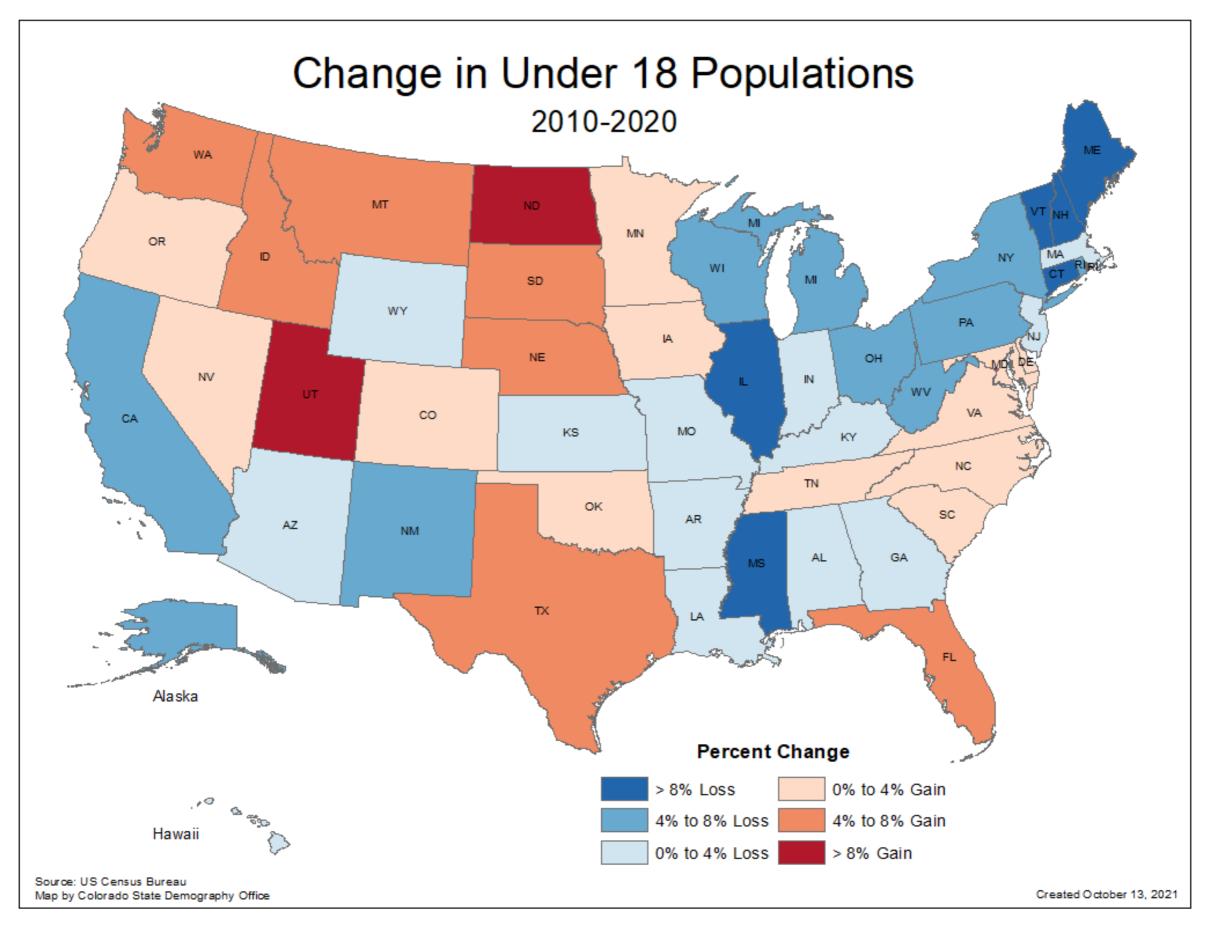


Peak Births - 2007. Currently 12-13 years old Peak Millennial Born in 1991 and is 28-29 years old 180,000 more women 15-45 in 2020 than in 2007 525,000 fewer births in 2020 than 2007 for the US, 8,000 fewer in Colorado



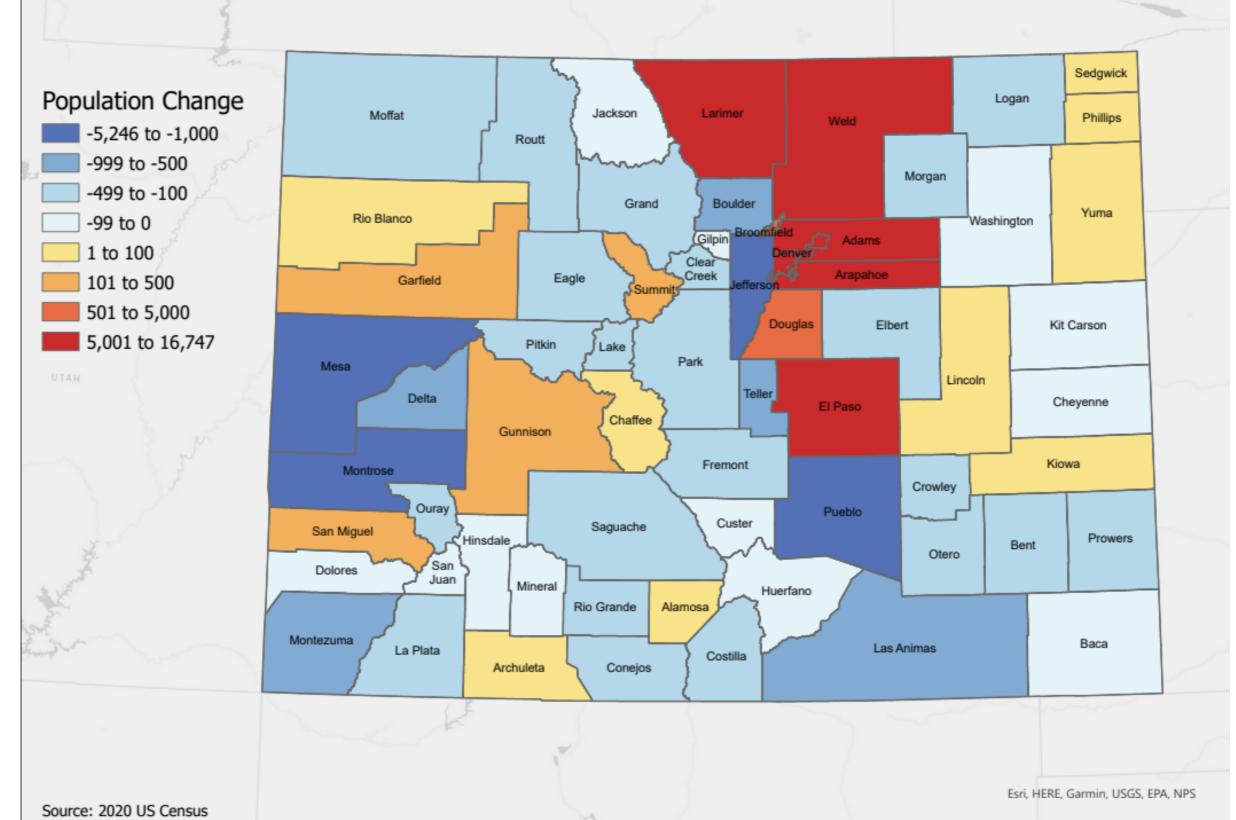
Change in Births by Age of Mother 2009-19







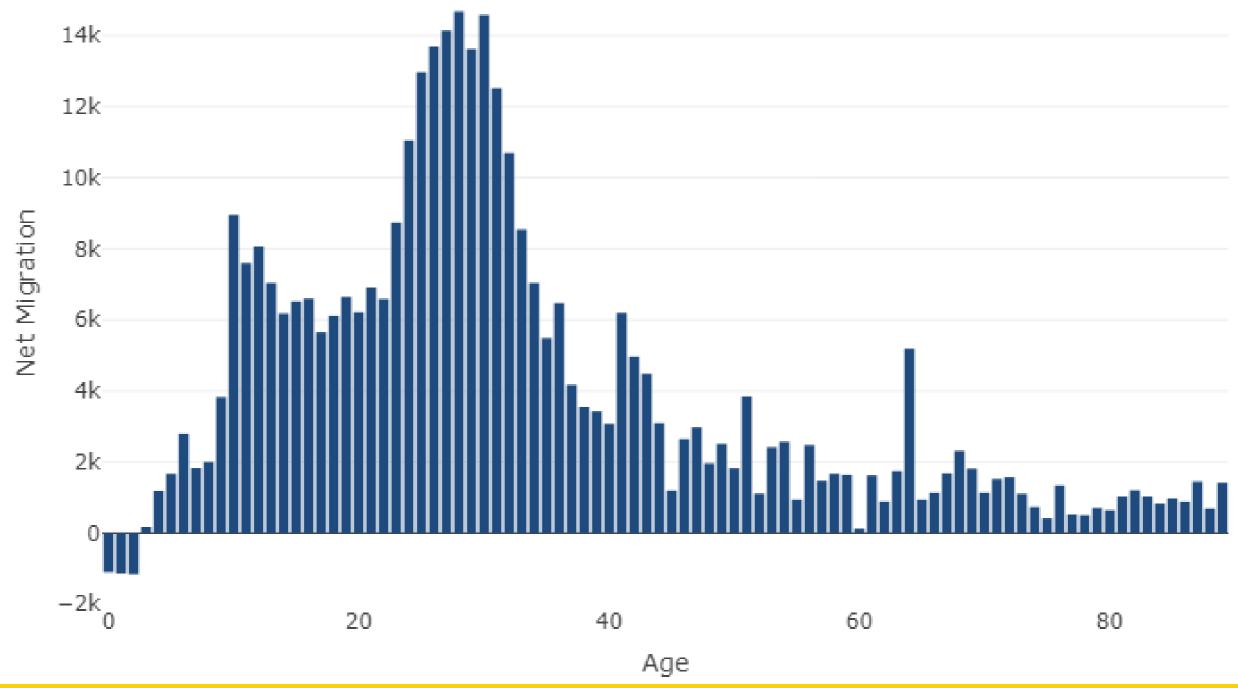
Under 18 Population Change by County 2010 to 2020





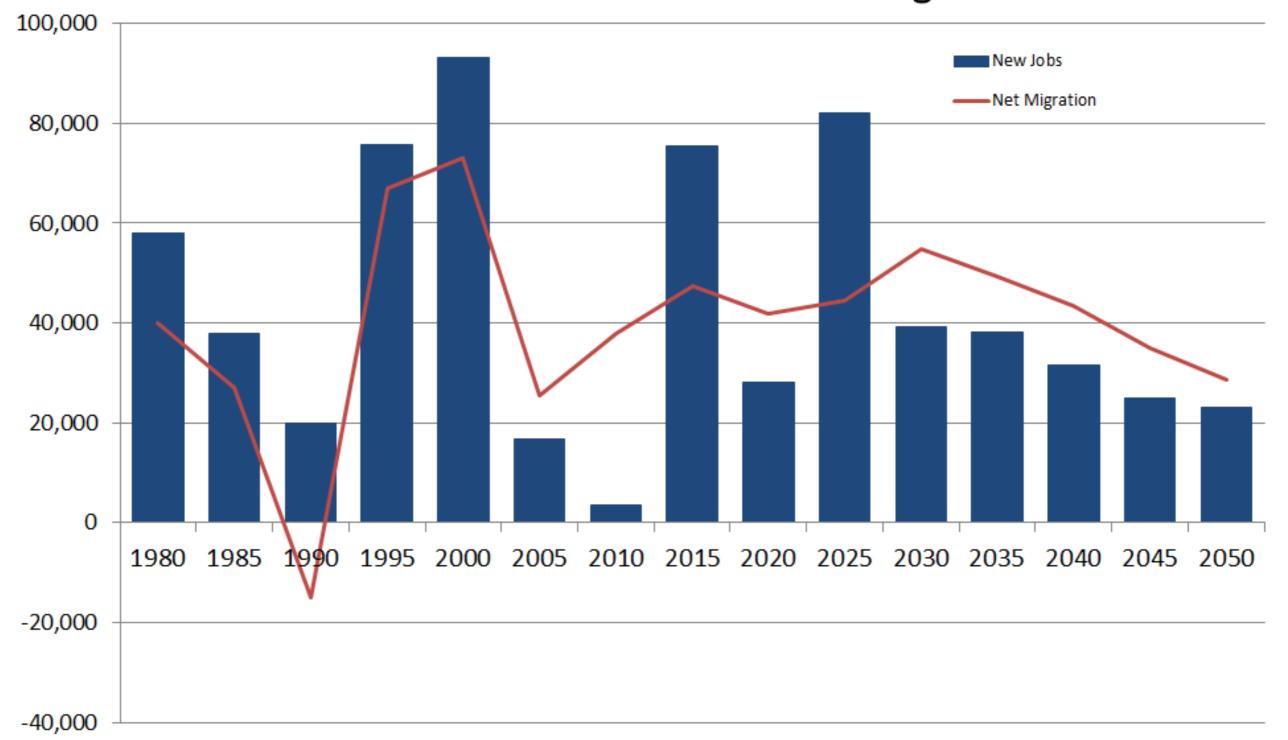
Colorado

Net Migration by Age, 2000 to 2010



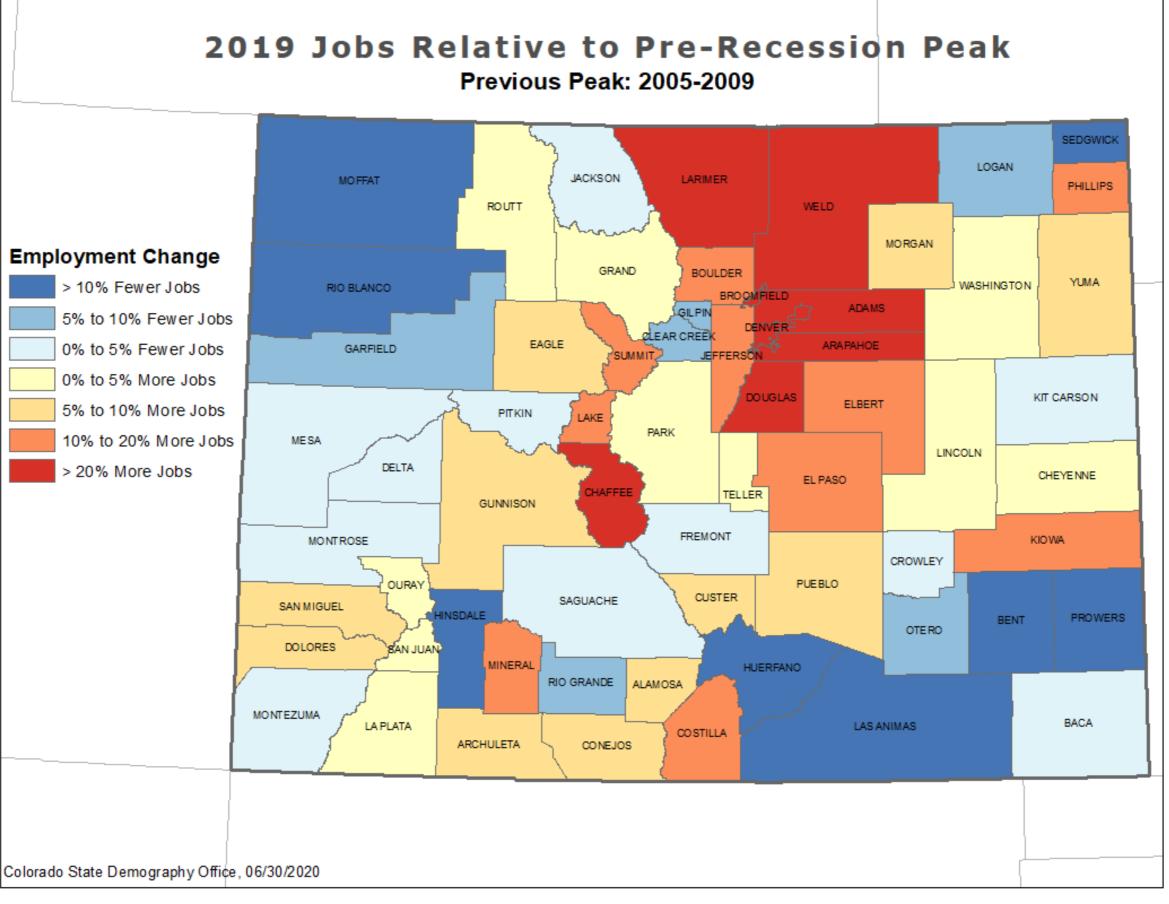


Colorado New Jobs and Net Migration

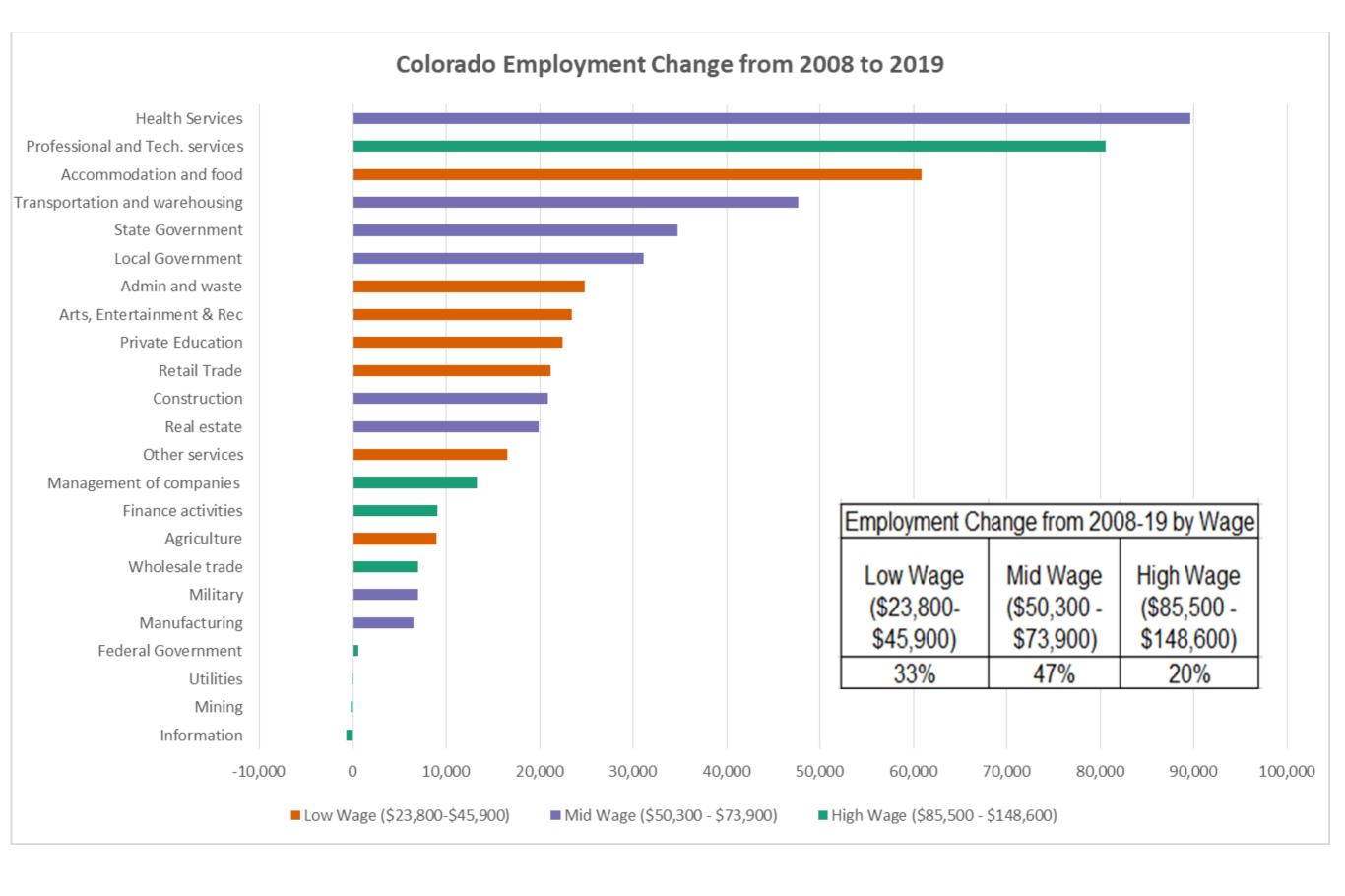


Jobs Are People





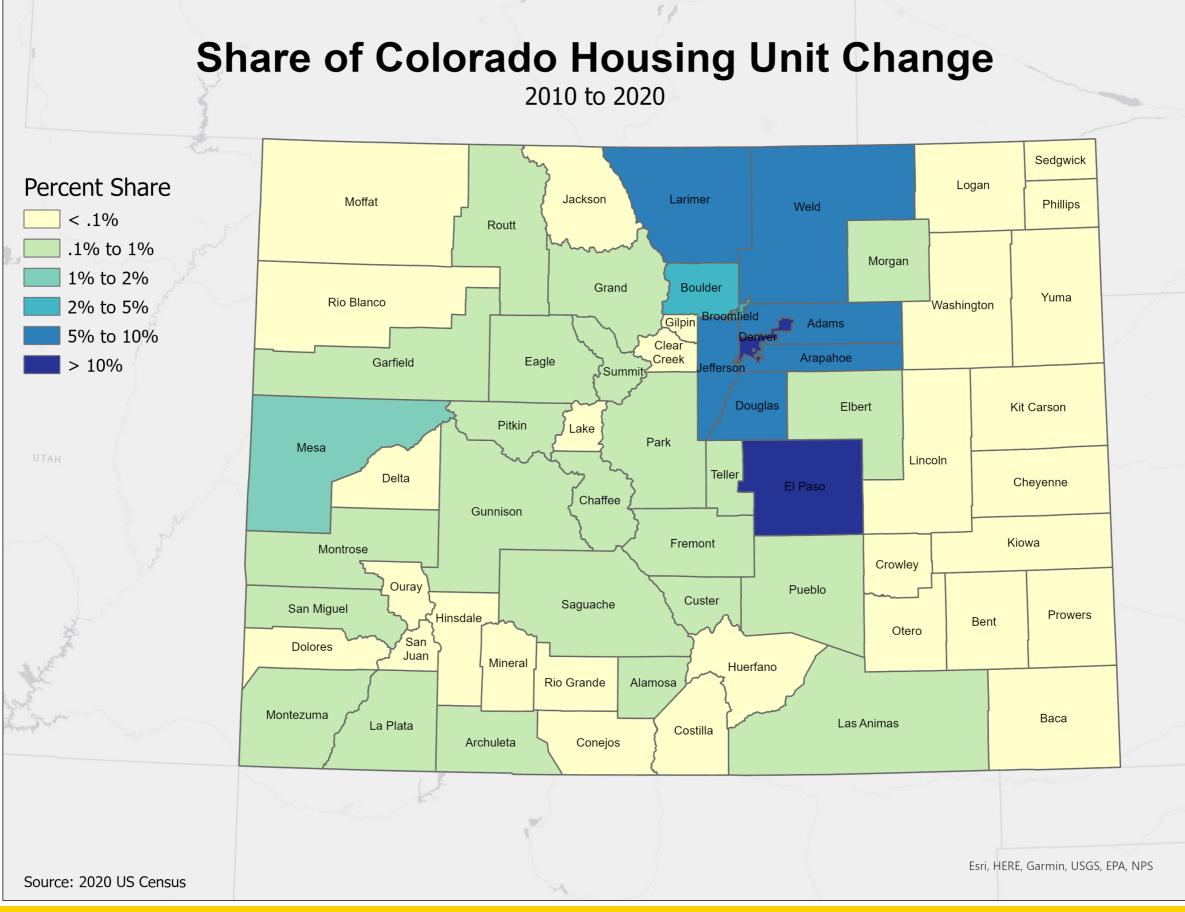






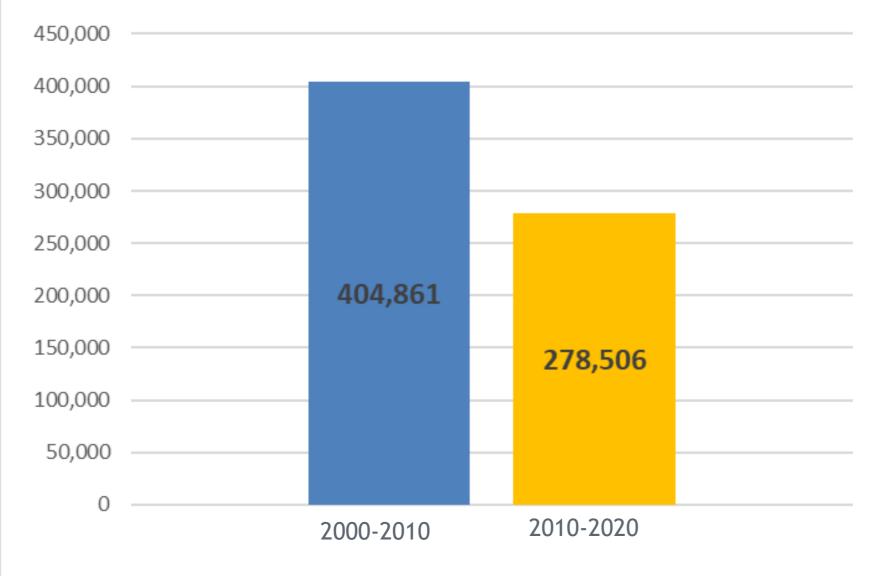
Housing

Supply vs. Demand





Colorado Growth in Housing Units by Decade



- 126,000 fewer housing units built this decade
- Population growth almost the same.

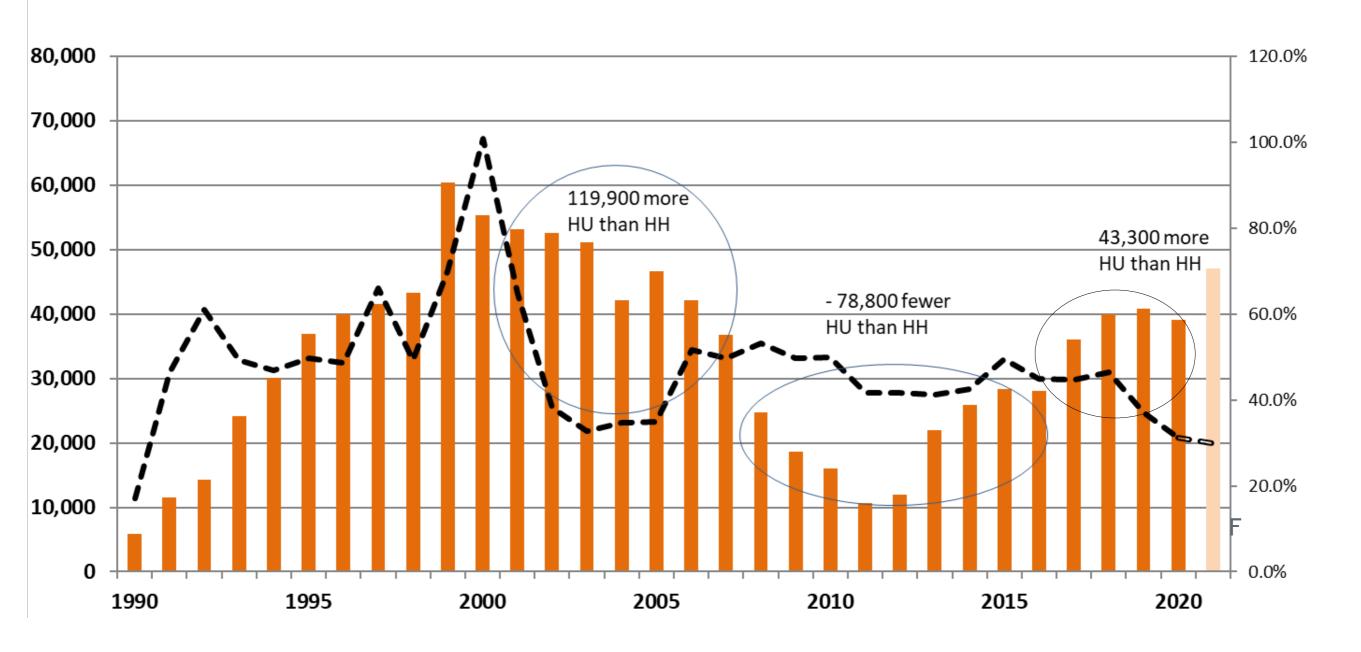
- 6 counties built more housing units this decade than last.
 - Denver +24,800
 - Boulder + 6,600
 - Jefferson +983
 - Cheyenne +80
 - Alamosa +44
 - Bent +18

- Largest slow down in housing construction between decades was in:
 - Arapahoe, -17,200
 - El Paso, -15,800
 - Douglas, -14,700
 - Mesa, -9,400
 - Pueblo, -8,145

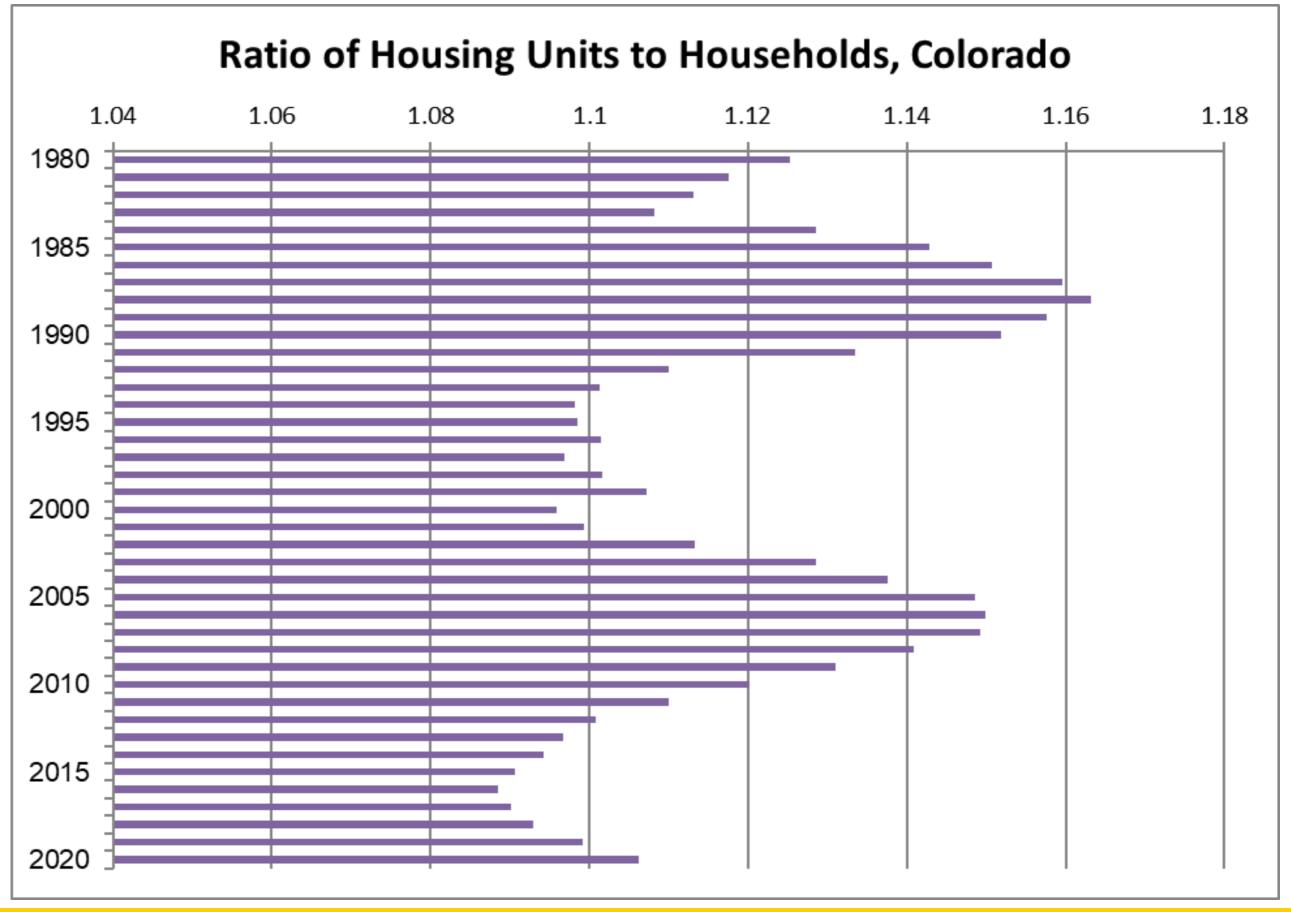
Colorado Housing Unit Growth and Household Formation

Source: State Demography Office

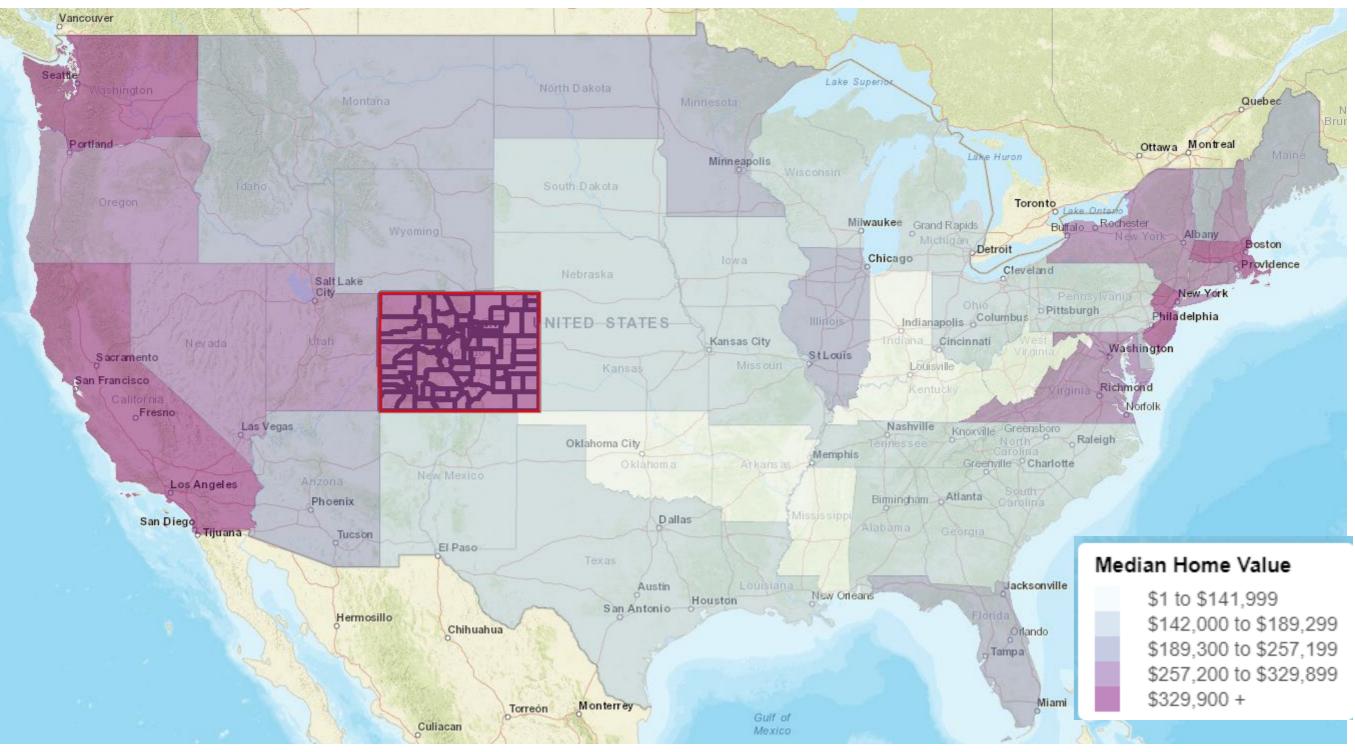








Median Home Value

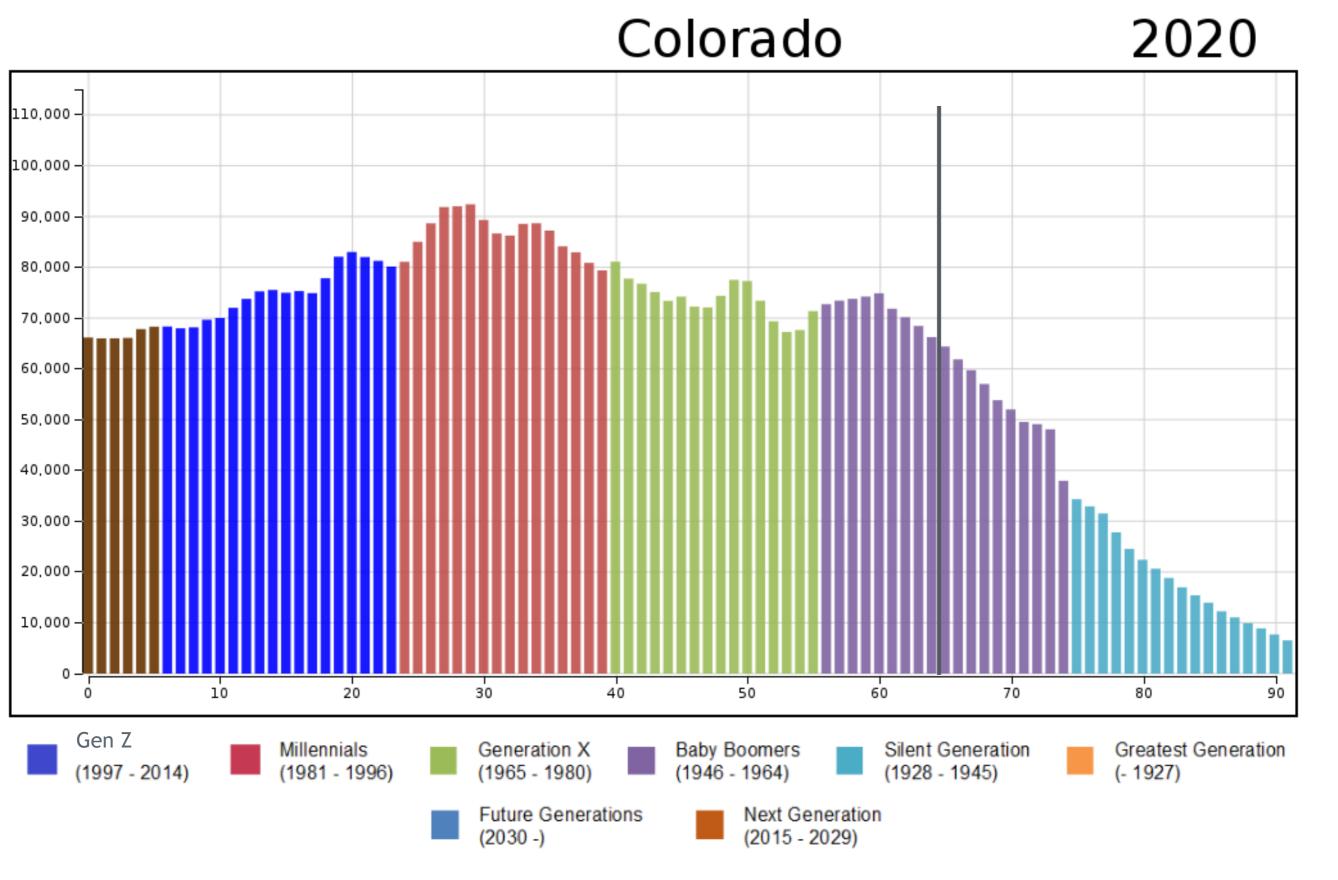


Colorado - 5th Highest Median Home Value Colorado 12th Highest Median Household Income



Age Matters

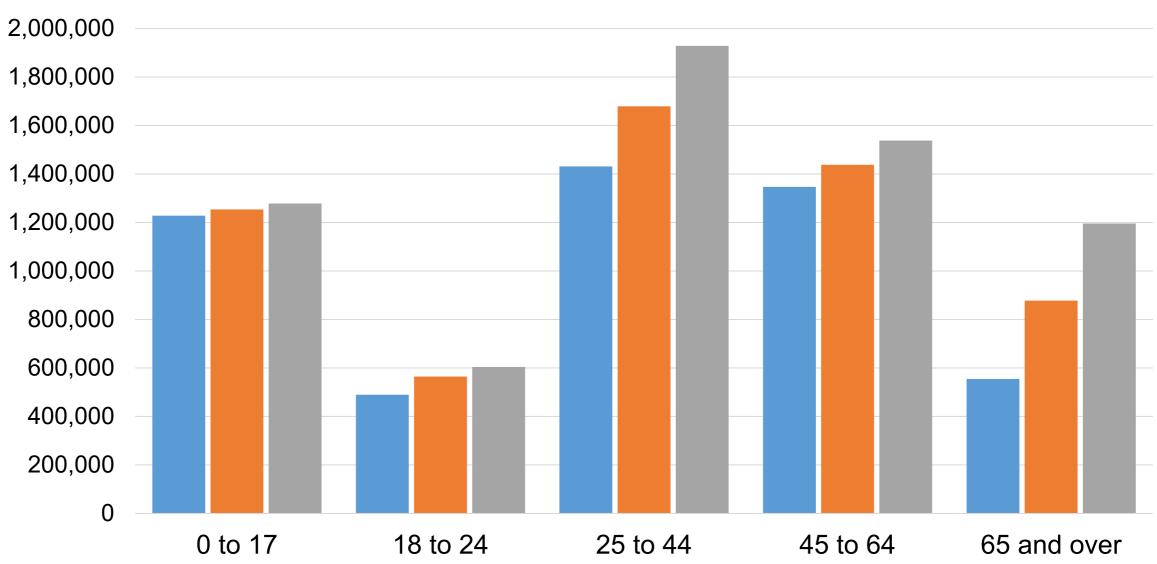
- Preferences where people shop and what they buy.
- Housing type, size, mobility
- Labor Force
- Income
- Service Demands





Forecast by Age Group

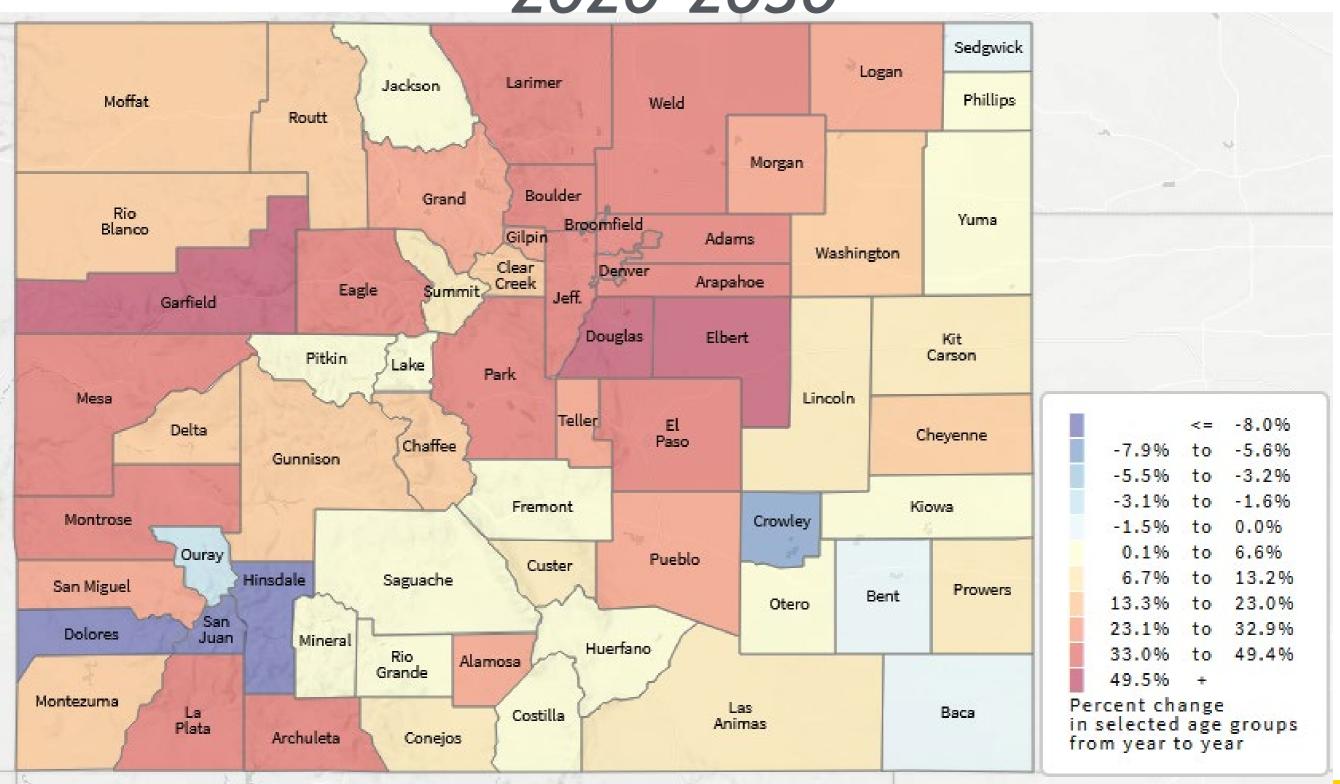




Pop Change by Decade	0 to 17	18 to 24	25 to 44	45 to 64	65 and over	Total
2010-2020	25,774	74,998	248,023	91,220	322,861	762,876
2020-2030	24,542	39,605	249,312	99,797	318,123	731,379



Growth in the Population 65+ 2020-2030





Implications From Age and Aging

- Consumer demand job creation, occupations, wages
- Labor force older, retirements, COVID, caregivers, look to increase labor participation in all age groups.
- Housing household size, mobility, owners, remodeling accessibility
- Take into account retires aging in place and demand from new workers.
- Millennials aging into second home ownership
- Gen Z aging into housing and first time home buying
- Services for Older Adults Health, transportation, etc
 - If they cant age in place, they may take their resources, investments, and spending and leave.

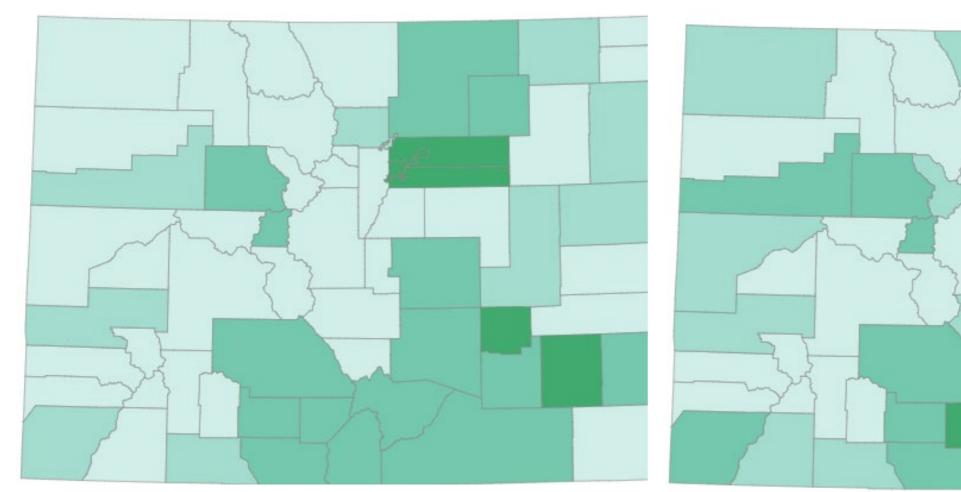
Race and Ethnicity We are becoming more diverse

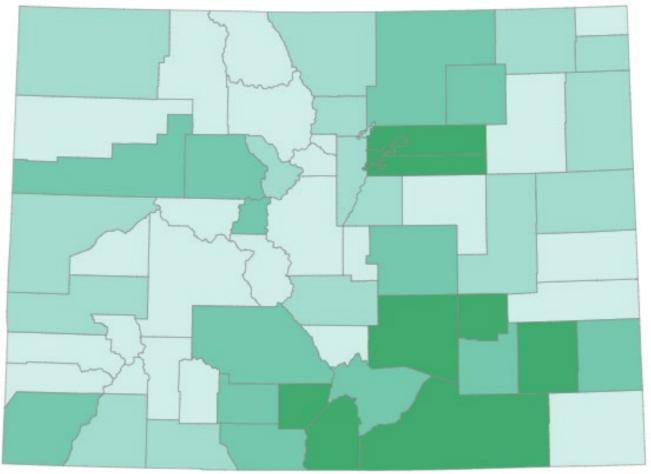
Diversity Index by County: 2010

Colorado: 46.5%

Diversity Index by County: 2020

Colorado: 52.3%





Diversity Index measures the probability that two people chosen at random will be from different race and ethnicity groups

65.0% or more 55.0% to 64.9%

Diversity Index

45.0% to 54.9%

Less than 35.0%



Population Change by Race and Ethnicity

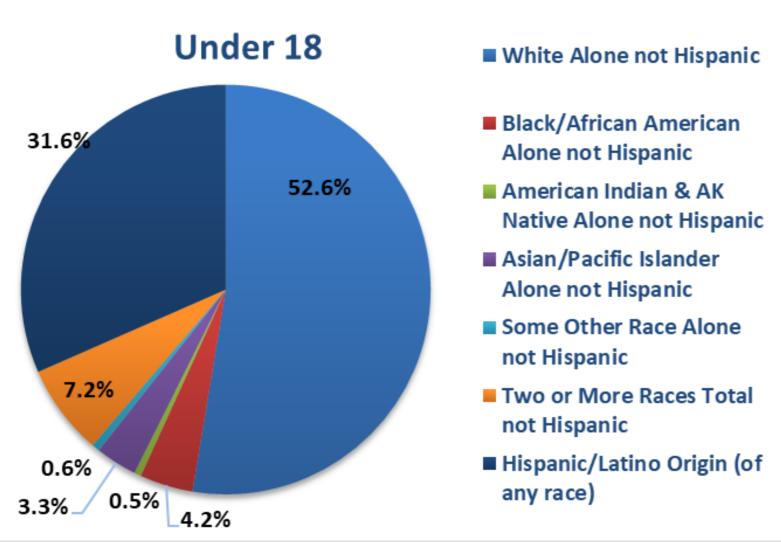
	Colorado	Share of	Total Ch		Share of
	2020	Pop. 2020	2010-20	Pct Ch	Growth
Total Population	5,773,714		744,518	14.8%	
White Alone not Hispanic	3,760,663	65.1%	239,870	6.8%	32.2%
Black/African American Alone not					
Hispanic	221,310	3.8%	32,532	17.2%	4.4%
American Indian & Alaska Native					
Alone not Hispanic	33,768	0.6%	2,524	8.1%	0.3%
Asian/Pacific Islander Alone not					
Hispanic	204,225	3.5%	63,000	44.6%	8.5%
Some Other Race Alone not Hispanic	29,560	0.5%	21,938	287.8%	2.9%
Two or More Races Total not Hispanic	260,798	4.5%	159 ,951	158.6%	21.5%
Hispanic/Latino Origin (of any race)	1,263,390	21.9%	224,703	21.6%	30.2%

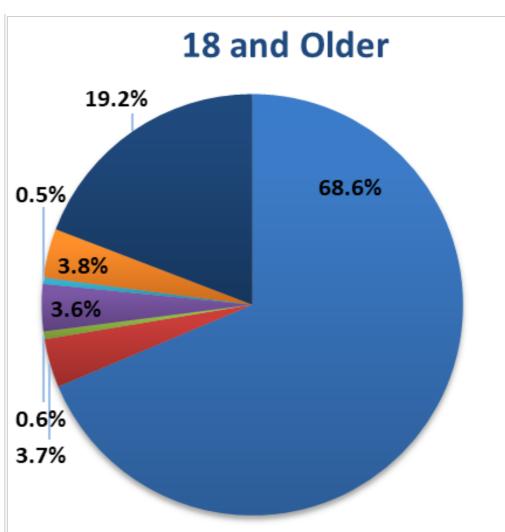
- Total Growth of the decade was very similar between the Hispanic and white Non Hispanic population.
- There was also significant growth in the Two or more races -Non Hispanic

Growth in Under18 by Race and Ethnicity

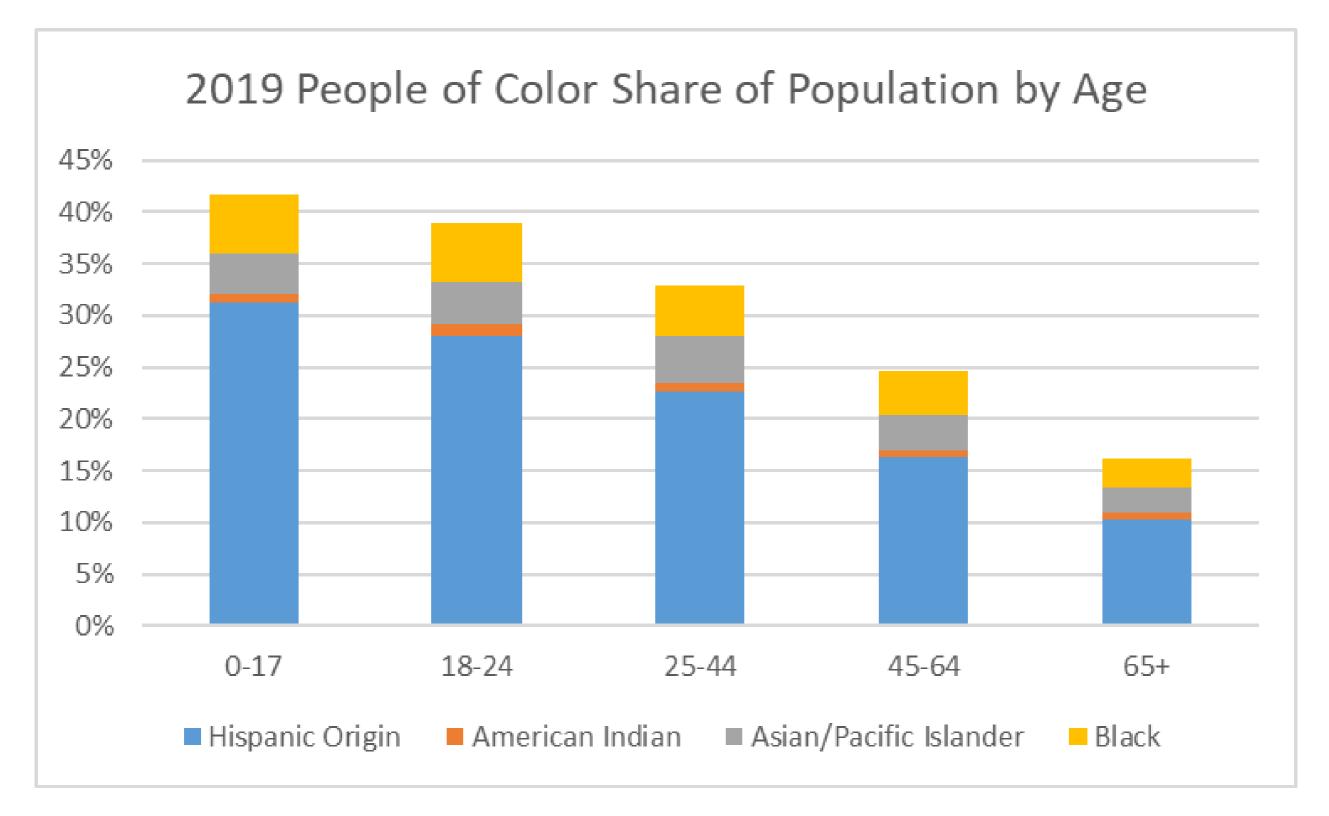
Under 18 Population Change			
	2010	2020 Change	
Total Population	1,225,609	1,264,138	<mark>38,529</mark>
White Alone	710,280	664,999	45,281
Black/African American Alone	49,967	53,183	3,216
American Indian & Alaska Native			
Alone	7,298	6,826	-472
Asian/Pacific Islander Alone	33,782	41,614	7,832
Some Other Race Alone	2,772	7,722	4,950
Two or More Races Total	47,285	90,600	43,315
Hispanic/Latino Origin (of any			
race)	374,225	399,194	<mark>24,9</mark> 69

Population Share by Race and Ethnicity by Age 2020

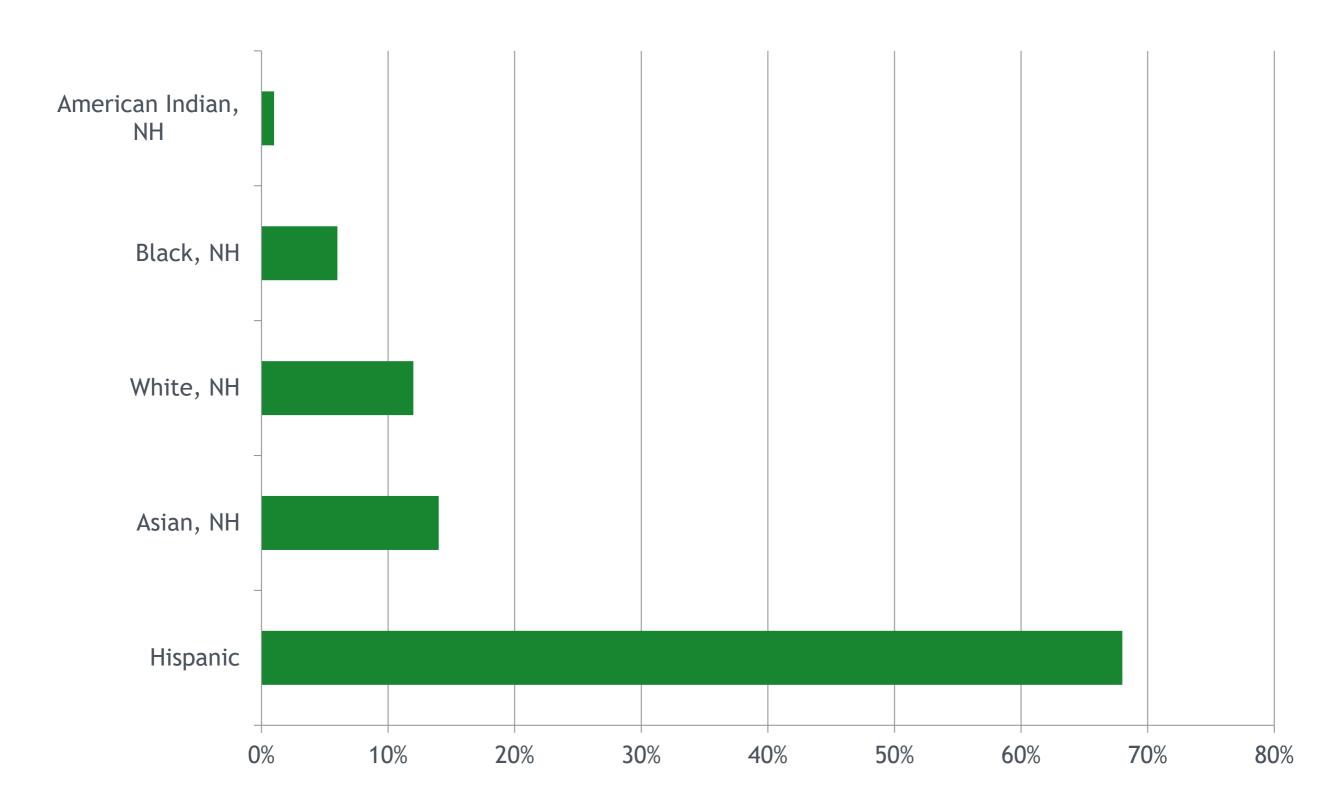




Diversity by Age

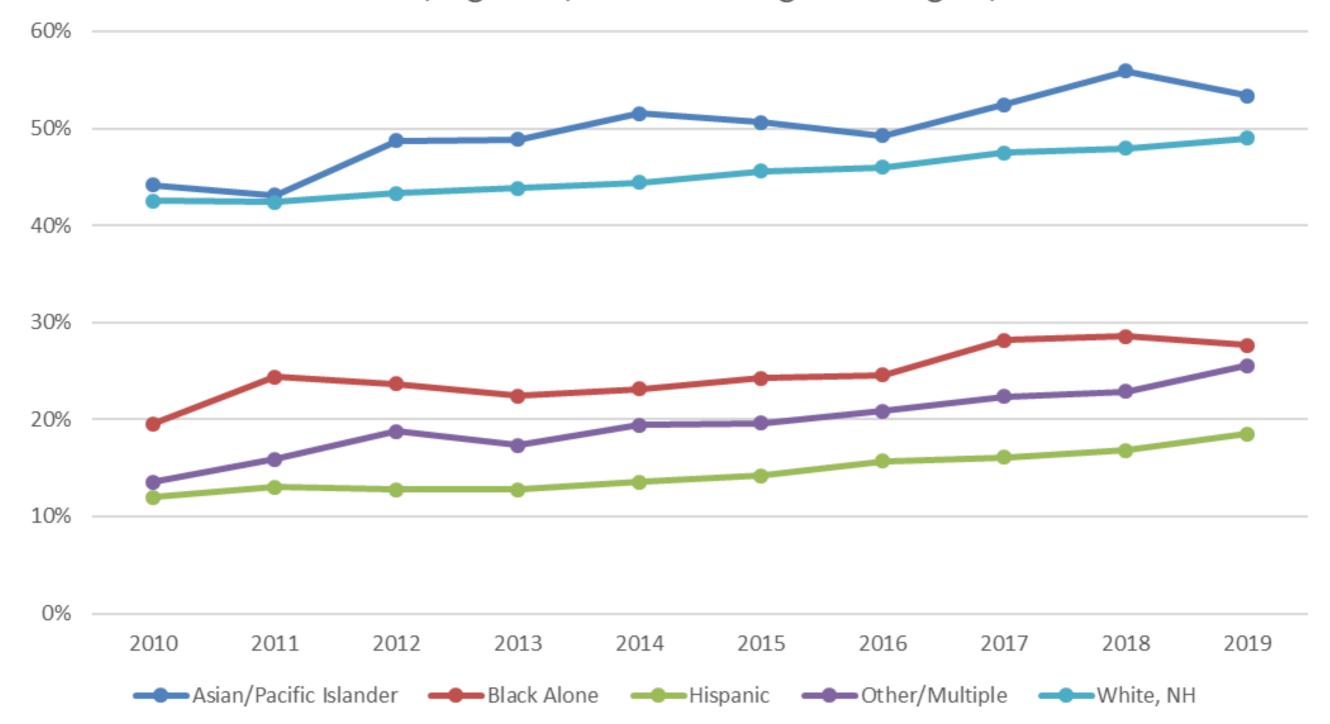


Share of Net Increase in Working Age Population, 2015-2020





Percent of Persons, Age 25+, Bachelors Degree or Higher, 2010-2019



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 1-Year data, Tables B15002B through B15002I

Total 25+, Bachelor's+ increased from 36.6 in 2010 to 42.8 in 2019



Diversity Summary

- Fastest growth in 2+, Asian and Hispanic
- Educational attainment
- Supply of qualified workers
- Income correlation to education
- Economy 70% driven by consumer expenditures
- Homeownership wealth

Mobility, Migration, Residency, Labor Force, Work from Anywhere?

Migration

- Migration was slowing pre-pandemic
- Net Migration to Colorado declined during the pandemic
 - 30,000 in 2020-2021 vs 45,000 on average 2010-2019
 - International down 70%, domestic down 35%
- J-1 worker visas fell 10,000+ to 1,000 2019-2020
- International immigration has recently opened up
- Work From Anywhere ??
 - Full time resident
 - "Part Time" residents Feel their presence but not included in the migration or population counts

Migration - Urban exodus?

Headlines in 2020 repeated the theme of out-migration from urban neighborhoods starting in May of 2020.

- Out-migration from urban neighborhoods increased
 - Up 9.9%
- In-migration to the same urban areas declined
 - Down 18.1%
- Moves into urban areas have increased since January 2021
- Federal Reserve research using Consumer Credit Panel for April to Sept 2020 compared to same months in 2017, 2018, and 2019:

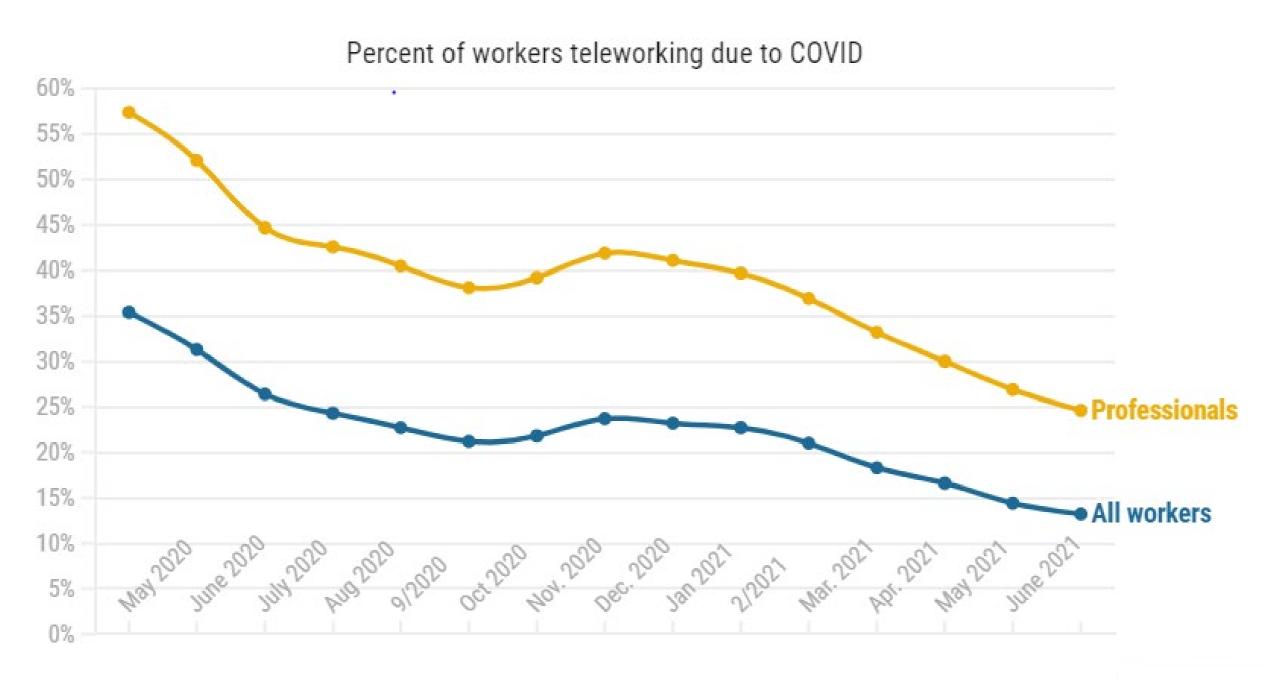
Where did the leavers from urban Metro Denver go?

(April 2020 - June 2021 vs. April 2017 - March 2020)

- 62% moved to suburban Metro Denver (total up 5%)
- 15% moved to U.S. small metro areas, towns, rural (total up 15%)
- 9% moved to U.S. lower cost large metro area (total up 15%)
- 7% moved to another U.S. high cost large metro (total down -0.8%)
- 7% moved to U.S. midsized metro area (total up 11%)

Teleworking Any Days

All workers Professionals



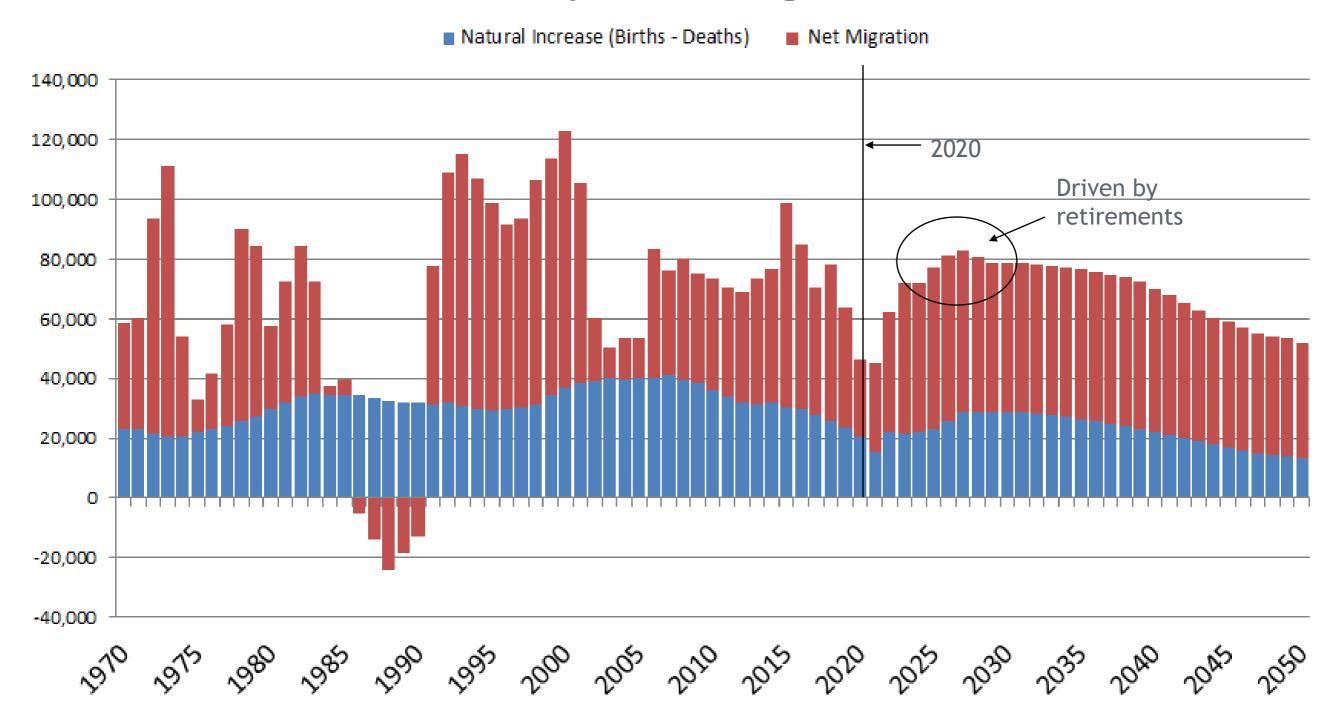
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



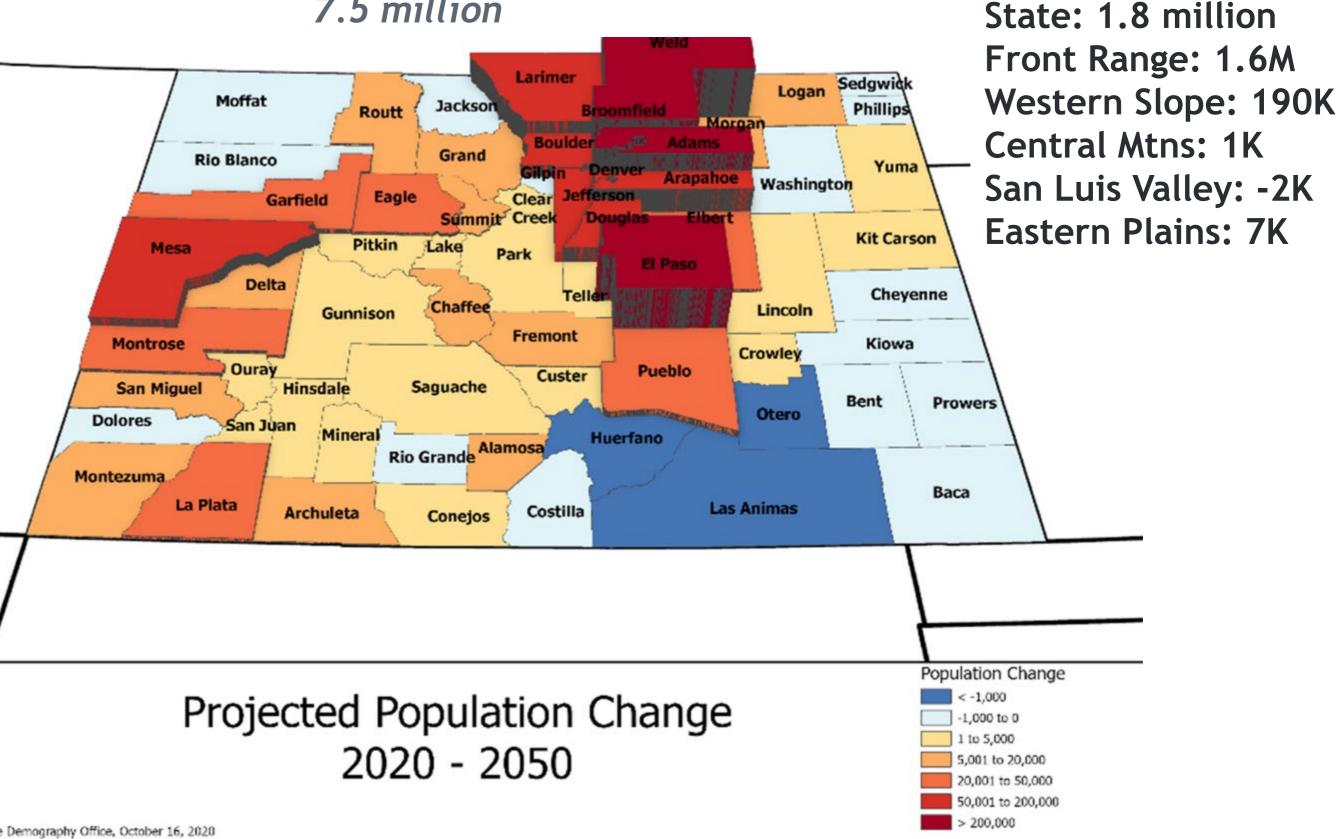
Migration - What didn't change?

- Migrants to Colorado are young
- Migration is driven in large part by job growth
- Expecting a return to average net migration by 2022
 - o In from CA, TX, IL, FL, NY higher cost
 - Out to NW and lower cost
 - Large increase in leavers from the labor force due to aging and retirements will drive expected increases in net migration assuming Colorado remains competitive.

Colorado Population Change 1970-2050



Population Forecast 2050 7.5 million



Change 2020-2050



Summary:

- Population slowing fewer births, increase deaths, and slower migration (international and domestic).
- Labor force
 - Tight most likely will stay tight unless....immigration.
 - Total growth slowing Human capital more scarce
 - Fastest growth are People Of Color
 - Aging driving sectors of economy and retirements labor force
 - People centered vs. firm centered
 - Strategies to increase labor force participation
- Young population more diverse by race and ethnicity
 - Entrants to labor force
 - Driving the Economy and housing
 - Access to education and opportunities critical for future

Risks to the Forecast +/-

- Pandemic uncertainty
- Intl' immigration
- Housing supply, price, type, location 5th highest MHV
- Water
- Aging labor force, prepared labor force
- Infrastructure/Transportation
- Natural disasters nationally
- State Budget
- Industry changes boom/bust, competitiveness



Thank you

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